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केन्द्रीय माध्यमिक शिक्षा बोर्ड, दिल्ली सैकण्डरी स्कूल परीक्षा (कक्षा दसवीं) परीक्षार्थी प्रवेश—पत्र के अनुसार भरें

विषय कोड Subject Code: परीक्षा का दिन एवं तिथि Day & Date of the Examina		w,8/4/17	
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प्रश्न पत्र के ऊपर लिखे कोड को दर्शाए :	Code Number	Set Number	
Write code No. as written on the top of the question paper:	32/2	① ● ③ ④	
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विकलांग व्यक्ति : Person with Disabilitie	हाँ / नहीं Yes / No	No	
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B = दृष्टिहीन, D = मूक व बधिर, H C = डिस्से-भिसक, A = ऑटिस्टिक B = Visually Impaired, D = Hea S = Spastic, C = Dyslexic, A =	aring Impaired, H = Physic		
क्या लेखन – लिपिक उपलब्ध	करवाया गया : हाँ / नहीं Yes / No	NA	
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name. In case Candidate's Name exceeds 24 letters, write first 24 letters. 8936598 कार्यालय उपयोग के लिए

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different issues by rallies, etc. I they try to put the almands of people infrient of the government by holding nallies and disrupting government services. amount for which a substance is available and thus we can't be cheated by any shopkeeper 6. Sometimes when we go to buy a toothbaste, the shopkeeper asks us to buy a toothbrush even if we don't want. This is violation of right to choose. 7. Democracy is no agrand of the total money deposited and put the rest to provide loans. Banks asks for collaterals from people a so that it can be assure that the money will be back. It also looks for documentation. It provides loans at a very low interest reates of the money The from loans (with higher interest rates than given to

6	
	and the & money of given to the depositors is
	the main way of earning for banks.
	According to COPRA (1986), it has given a three *
	there quality judicial government ->
*	DISTRICT COURT! - It looks for cases below 720lakke
*	STATE COURT: - It looks for cases between 70 lakes to
*	F1 cuore.
	NATIONAL COURT: - It looks for cases, between I work.
	the fudicial sixtem consumed and
	able to fight the unethical practices followed & si
	reduessal to the person is not satisfied with the
	decision, he she can go the state and then national
	court. It gives the consumers Right to represent. 3. 7
12	Multimational Communication (MANICIA)
12.	Multinational companies (MNC's) are those which ach
	countries. It helps to interlink production through & this
	in the state of th

bransportation system and also thereigh latest technology. It helps to develop the country and also the movement of people. Example -> * A multi MNC designs its product in USA, manu--factive it in china and sell the product in vilescico and Europe. It has its call center in India. It actually manufactures in China for low cost and sell it in Mescico and Europe for ets columes to USA market and Indian's understand the technical aspect. * Similarly, a London vased magazine gets it printed in Delhi using Intoinet. 13. It Even though India is one of the biggest puducer of tuen and stell but then also we are not able to produce to our full potential, because of these leasons: * High costs and low availability of ooking coal therough

* In 2010, 5.78 million foreign townsts came to India. Towism is an industry with more than 15 million workers. * People come to owe country to stown our cultive and also for adventive and it helps to make ourselves identifiable. Endia has still got many places to develop as toweist attanactions. 15. Democracy can never solve, conflicts of religione to respect the diversity to can help people to accome--date accommodate. For e.g. -> * Belgium is demodratic countries with complex diversity and it has been able to solve the peroblems and has helped people to accommodate * At the same time, Sui Lanka, a democratic country is not able to solve its diversity accommodate people use can accommodate people if i-

* People are able to underestand the rule majority not means that only majority people will but instead majority has to work with minority to solve this problem. * Moreover, the well of majority not means major religion, caste, creed, etc. but it sepends on the situation. In a semocracy each and every citizen has the right to be a part of majority If helshe is denied being in majority because of his/here both then that gover. is not accommodative for that person. THREE CHARACTERISTICS OF DURG-BASTAR-CHANDRAPUR IRON ORG BELT-> It is found in the state of chhatisgarch Bastan district) and Maharastra It has the Bailadika hills * It has high grade hemotite

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ante exposed unit. * From here won one is exported to Japan and South Korea thorough Vishit apatram poet. 17. On the basis of accommodation, we should expect dernoceacy to produce a harmonious social life The countries are very diverse and thus et sometimes lead to conflicts. dativ * Democracy can never stop conflicts but can it can very to settle down the conflicts. It respects the diversity present in the society and it help to accommodate people 14: (a) People understand that they have to work with minority to develop thater country. Majority rules doesn't mean that only majority people's need will be fullfield considered. en (b) The majority deesn't mean any major social geoup on vais of religion, caste, etc. Each and.

* The incident of chawe shawa in which 22 policemen died was the main reason for withdrawal of Won Cooperation Movement. 20. Economic hardships faced by Europe in the 18305 It time which led to overpopulation in the main * People streted moving from rural areas to wiban areas and started living in overcowded * Slums. This led to unemployment. * Warry small producers had to face stiff competition with machine - made goods, especially in textile industry which was made in hoppic and was non-mechanised. People I also hadto face food shortages. One such situation was in Paris in 1848.

21 Positive effects of globalisation on Indian economy * More and more companies are investing in India which has increased the economy of the country. They are investing soft wanks, fast foods, mobile, etc. industries in India. * Through this, many naw material providers to 05 these companies have prospered. * Moreover, it has created employment in India and many people have got a great no number + this of choices. It has also reduced poverty main * It has brought with it many great machineries and latest rechnologies which is used by Indian newowdea companies. * Many Indian companies have developed as MNCs and are investing in other countries. For siglly in e.g.: - Tata Motous, Ranbaxy, Enfosys, etc. It has also led to the development of some me and sectors in Endia like call centers, etc. It has increased 110 wasin India's GDP.

22. During the fulldom movement, the sense of collective belonging was developed through -> It was developed through flo folkloves, folk tales and poeme, etc. People started thinking to ways to represent the nation Bamkin Chandra Chattopath actually presented the picture of Bharat rata Thorough his song hymn Vande Matlam, & Abanindranath Tagore presented the first painting of Bharat Mata which was -calm, composed; divine and spiritual It took many different forms giving the struggle * Wationalists started collecting folklores, newsery rehyme which would create a feeling feeling of nationalism among people. Rabindeanath Jagole started the process of tolk revival in south it was done by Natesa Shasteri (Book - The folklove of 23 South Endia) * Wationalists also started peroducing symbolishech as flags that made people identify themselves To

the nation. The swadeshi Movement, prisourced ? tricolour flag (red, green and yellow) with 2 eight lotuses depicting eight British Endia priorinces and a vest criescent moon to show Hindus and Muslims Gandhiji made a tricolour flag (red, geven & white) Spalle with the spinning wheel in center to show horough this idea of self-help. math Many nationalists started reinterpreting history They told people that India was very prosperous at the starting but was followed by history of decline due to the coming of Brutishers. These were some ideas that created a pure feeling of nationalism among people outh 23 The advancement of international trade of a folklove of country is an idex to its economic development becausé: bolistich trade beings in the much needed International meetres To

foreign exchange. I which eventually leads to the development. It brings revenue that helps the country to develop at the fullest. * It a country expouts (in terms of money) more then it help the country earn more because it brings the money required for development. I thus, advancement of international brade of a country is an index of its development because it tells how much companies industries are there in a country 24. French Revolution beweight the very idea of He idea of la potrie (the fatherland) le citogen the citizen) created a sense of collective velonging and equality before the law forall citizens

The National Estates General was tell re-elected by a body of active citizens and was sunamed as General Assembly. New hyms, were composed, ogthe were taken and martyre were commomorated * New tricolown flag was accepted and the Doyal flag was rejected. New samuel administrative laws were introduced. * Income tase was abolished and unifour measurement systems were introduced with uniform avviency * Les faires was spoken, entry in Paris so jet was declared as the national language All these created an expression of nationalism among French people. Moreover, of French nationalists declared that it was the work of France to remove dictatorship monarchy from Europe 25 Liberalisation is process of removing barriers or

zens

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/	restrictions for trade. It helps in increasing the	
4	brade.	
	EFFECTS:-	7
*	It has increased brade in India. That More and	->
	more companies/MNCs are coming in Endis.	4
*	It has increased the economy of the country	
	by increasing trade.	y
*	It has also led to the distruption decling	
	declining of some businesses which has	4
	created problems	*
*	Many people are not able to get proper fob	
-	facilities even in organised sector. It has made	*
1	people to work for extern house	
1-		
		- Cal
26.	To reform political parties some steps have	
	been taken such as:-	
*	To avoid defections, MLAS and MPS will use.	X 0
	their slat if they change party and after winning	X
TOTAL TOTAL MENTINE	The state of the s	models in the control to the control of the control
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elections. * Candidates have to submit their afidavets which tells about their property and ourning records. * Parties have to hold internal elections regularly and file their income -tasc network EFFECTIVE MEASURES :-* Parties should hold free elections and the should have a board to look into disputes * Women should be given 1/3 d reserved seats body of the parties. * Parties should be given componsations according of petrol, ou cash, etc. * People should also four pressure movement guoups to influence parties to have reforms. People should themselves take part in politics to being reforms

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27.	FIVE CHARACTERISTICS OF DEMOCRACY:	
*	It is an accountable of	
	- monte au made government. Democratio gover-	
1	the wall for the people and it it all and	
1.	The parties will the same	28.
*	It also is efficient exercise it too	20.
11	The state of a state of the sta	1
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*	It increases the dignity of the people.	*
	Peop Democratic any manager people.	
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	10900 100	* 4
	It also helps to conduct free and fair elections	a
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7	Et is a legitimate i.e. it is made vy ere	be
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	helps people to solve disputes and convect	* Ih
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#	28.	Chemical Industries plays a very important role	
		in our economy:	
	*	They contribute to 3% of our GDP.	
	*	They are India stands 3rd in producing chemicals	
		in valia and 12" in the would.	
	*	Indian chemical industries produce both organic	
		and in Depanic Chemicala	
	*	It produces inorganic chemicals like hydrochloric	
		acid, sulphwee acid, soda ash, nitouc acide, etc.	
_	*	These help in the formation of synthetic fibers,	
		petro glass, soaks and detergents, etc	
_	*	Organic chemicals are actually made from	
L		petrochemicals and are used for making synthetic	
-		fibers, glass, etc.	
	*	These are situated near the petrochemical	
-		refineries.	
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For question no. 2

For question no. 29 भारत का रेखा-मानचित्र (राजनीतिक) Outline Map of India (Political) 96 840 84° 6 å प्रश्न सं. 29 के लिए 32/2 320 200 28° 240 18° å 120

80 For question no. 30 Outline Map of India (Political) भारत का रेखा-मानचित्र (राजनीतिक) Narawa Lidicorin 88 KEY 840 840 å प्रश्न सं. 30 के लिए 32/2 8 120 18° 200 240 280 32° 36° 86.